

# The Potential Use of Health Level 7 to Capture PVS Data

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# Acknowledgements

- Committee for Immunization Registry Standards and Electronic Transactions (CIRSET)
- American Immunization Registry Association (AIRA)
- Susan Abernathy (retired)



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# Outline

- Background on Immunization Registries
- Background on HL7
- HL7 use in Immunization Registries
- Why Bother Map PVS Elements to HL7
- Methods and Results of the examination
  - ◆ National Code Sets Usage
- Consideration for Feedback and Discussion



# Immunization Registries

- Defined as confidential, computerized system that contains information about immunizations and children



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# A Brief History of Immunization Registries

- 1970s: Registry built in Delaware
- 1980s: AIMS installed in 10 states/cities
- 1990s:
  - ◆ RWJ and NIP fund development
  - ◆ CDC-sponsored registry software
  - ◆ Community/state-based registries
  - ◆ Presidential directive: Immunization Registry Initiative



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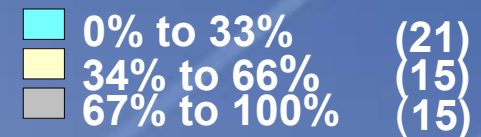




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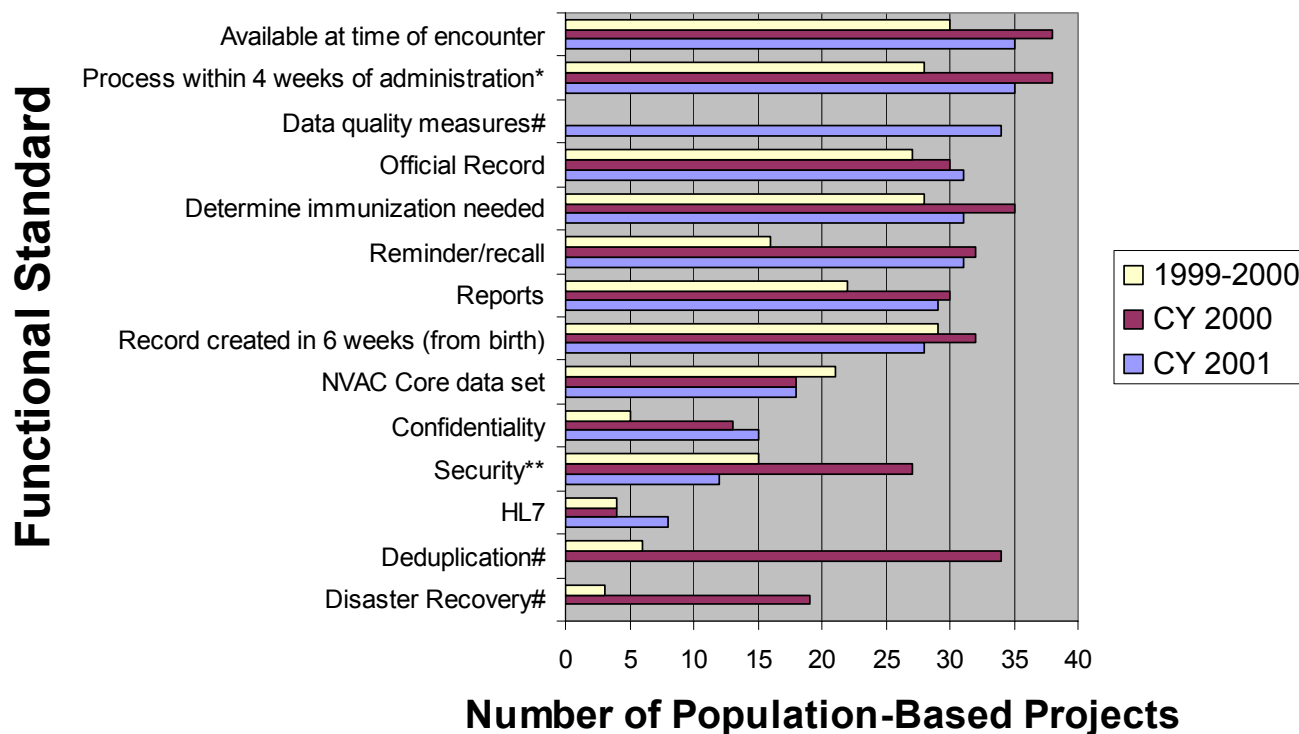
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# Functional Status Achievement of Immunization Registries

## Functional Standards



# Health Level 7

- Accredited Healthcare Standards Developing Organization (SDO)
- Not-for-profit, volunteer SDO
- Participation: includes providers, vendors, payers, consultants, government, others
- Domain focus: Clinical & Administrative Data



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# 4 Current HL7 Immunization Messages

Message	Trigger Event	Message Type	Description
Query for Vaccination Record	V01	VXQ	a query from one system for a patient's vaccination record that is held in another system
Response to Query with Multiple PID Matches	V02	VXX	A response to a query reflecting more than one match to the patient identifiers in the query
Vaccination Record Response	V03	VXR	a response to a query containing the vaccination record
Unsolicited Update to Vaccination Record	V04	VXU	an unsolicited update to a vaccination record



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# Why Bother Translating PVS to HL7? (business justifications)

- Determine whether or to what extent current HL7 messages can be used for PVS
- Show value to registry both to collect data & send to PVS
- Reduce cost & duplication of separate structure, function, & system development
- Builds registry capacity for potential BT or other related vaccination programs
- Promote registries as the single point of vaccination information



# Why Bother Translating PVS to HL7? (technical justifications)

- Utilize an existing, ANSI-approved standard
- Utilize existing Code Sets, e.g., LOINC, CVX, race-ethnicity, explore others
- Encourages local flexible data need/use/access
- Build bridge to next appropriate version of HL7
- Utilize and work with industry standards, standards, standards



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# Methods of Examination

- Grass roots level examination so that immunization registries could use existing standards to meet these needs.
- A mapping document and guide were drafted
- Partnership vetting and discussion
- It is still a “WIP” (work in progress)



# Examined Two HL7 Structures

- ORU used as an Unsolicited Report.
  - ◆ Electronic Laboratory Reporting
  - ◆ Adverse Event Reporting
  - ◆ Cancer Registries
- VXU used an Unsolicited update of to a immunization record
- Similar Electronic Structure





# Overall Comparison HL7 VXU and ORU Structures

(VXU) Unsolicited Vaccination Record Update	(ORU) Unsolicited Transmission of an Observation	HL7 Chp
MSH Message Header Segment	MSH Message Header Segment	2
PID Patient Identification Segment	PID Patient Identification Segment	3
NK1 Next of Kin/Associated Parties	NK1 Next of Kin/Associated Parties	3
ORC Common Order Segment	ORC Common Order Segment	4
RXA Pharmacy Administration		4
	OBR Observations Report ID	7
OBX Observation/Result	OBX Observation/Result	7
NTE Notes and comments (about ORC, RXA, or OBX)	NTE Notes and comments (about OBX)	2
Optional Segments and Fields not described		



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# HL7 to PVS Mapping (extract)

HL7 IG231 Msg-Seg-Field- DT/LENGTH	Code Set	PVS #	PVS Data Element Name	PVS Description	PVS Data Type
<b>RXA-5; CE-100</b>	<b>CVX</b>	6	Vaccine Type	Name of vaccine given to pt	Char.
<b>OBX</b>	<b>LOINC 30948-4</b>	9	Adverse Event Text	Text for any adv. Event w/current vaccination	Text
<b>PID-10; CE- 80</b>	<b>HL7 (see race /ethnicity)</b>	36	RACE- Asian	Indicates if Pt. is Asian or part Asian	Boolean



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# National Code Set Usage

<b>Code Set</b>	<b>PVS element</b>	<b>Mapping</b>
<b>CVX for Vaccine Type</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>CVX 105=Vaccinia</b>
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>		<b>Asian=2028-9, White=2106-3, Am Indian=1002-5</b>



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# Logical Observations Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC) for PVS

- Used to identify items in name pair structures such as an HL7 clinical observation, XML tag
- Examples:
  - ◆ Vaccine Lot Number (30959-1)
  - ◆ Text items (30954-2)
  - ◆ Manufacturer (30957-5)



# Results of Mapping Examination Between HL7 and PVS

- The VXU message was mapped
  - ◆ Consideration of other message ORU
- Most PVS elements found a direct structure in an existing HL7 message
- PVS elements unique to SMALLPOX could be added to existing code sets
- Code sets can be expanded to meet needs easier than modifications to electronic structures



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# Potential Topics for Feedback and Discussion

- What will it take to promote and evolve the immunization registries to meet “PVS-like” reporting as part of the PHIN?
- Why should “code sets” be used to capture and/or identify data in the PHIN?
- What considerations (technical and non-technical) should be factored into the evolution of PVS and HL7?

